

# United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/679,901	10/06/2003	Mohammad El-Haj	MSFT13 (010756.104518)	MSFT13 (010756.104518) 3800	
45979	7590 05/16/2006	•	EXAMINER		
PERKINS COIE LLP/MSFT			SHAH, A	SHAH, AMEE A	
P. O. BOX 12	47			<del></del>	
SEATTLE, WA 98111-1247			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			3625		
			DATE MAIL ED: 05/16/2006	<b>.</b>	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/679,901					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	EL-HAJ, MOHAMMAD  Art Unit				
•						
The MAILING DATE of this communication and	Amee A. Shah	orrespondence address				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION  16(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time  17 iii apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the cause the application to become ABANDONE	l. ely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status	•					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 06 Oc	1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>06 October 2003</u> .					
2a) ☐ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☒ This	This action is FINAL. 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-40</u> is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-40</u> is/are rejected. 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or						
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner 10) The drawing(s) filed on <u>06 October 2003</u> is/are:  Applicant may not request that any objection to the or  Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction  11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner	a) accepted or b) ⊠ objected drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See on is required if the drawing(s) is obj	37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>						
Attachment(s)						
<ol> <li>Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)</li> <li>Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)</li> <li>Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)         Paper No(s)/Mail Date 1/13/04.     </li> </ol>	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal Pa 6) Other:	(PTO-413) te atent Application (PTO-152)				

Application/Control Number: 10/679,901

Art Unit: 3625

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

Claims 1-40 are pending in this action.

## **Drawings**

The drawings are objected to as failing to comply with 37 CFR 1.84(p)(5) because:

- (1) they include the following reference character(s) not mentioned in the description: 108A, 110A, 112A, 114AA, 114AB, 108Z, 110Z, 112Z, 114ZA, 114ZB, 304B, 304C, 304D, 1126, 1130 and 1224; and
- (2) they do not include the following reference sign(s) mentioned in the description: 108, 110, 112 and 114;

Corrected drawing sheets in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121(d) are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. Any amended replacement drawing sheet should include all of the figures appearing on the immediate prior version of the sheet, even if only one figure is being amended. Each drawing sheet submitted after the filing date of an application must be labeled in the top margin as either "Replacement Sheet" or "New Sheet" pursuant to 37 CFR 1.121(d). If the changes are not accepted by the examiner, the applicant will be notified and informed of any required corrective action in the next Office action. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

## Specification

The use of the trademarks MICROSOFT and MICROSOFT WINDOWS has been noted in this application. It should be capitalized wherever it appears and be accompanied by the generic terminology.

Although the use of trademarks is permissible in patent applications, the proprietary nature of the marks should be respected and every effort made to prevent their use in any manner which might adversely affect their validity as trademarks.

## Claim Objections

Claim 6 is objected to because of the following informalities: it contains a grammatical and/or typographical error – "comprises a electronic mail computer software program" in line 2 should be --comprises an electronic mail computer software program--. Appropriate correction is required.

#### Claim Rejections - 35 U.S.C. § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. §112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claim 13 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. §112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. The term "normally" in claim 13 is a relative term that renders the claim indefinite. The term "normally" is not defined by the claim, the specification does not provide a standard for ascertaining the requisite degree, and one of ordinary skill in the art would not be

reasonably apprised of the scope of the invention. How often a user interface is utilized to be considered "normally" utilized is unclear – "normal" can be achieved with one, two, tens or hundreds of uses. For purposes of this action only, the Examiner will interpret "normally" to be achieved with one use.

Claim 30 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. §112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. The term "appropriate" in claim 13 is a relative term that renders the claim indefinite. The term "appropriate" is not defined by the claim, the specification does not provide a standard for ascertaining the requisite degree, and one of ordinary skill in the art would not be reasonably apprised of the scope of the invention. What constitutes an "appropriate" user interface is subjective and vague. For purposes of this action only, the Examiner will interpret "appropriate" as any.

#### Examiner Note

Examiner cites particular pages, columns, paragraphs and/or line numbers in the references as applied to the claims below for the convenience of the applicant. Although the specified citations are representative of the teachings in the art and are applied to the specific limitations within the individual claim, other passages and figures may apply as well. It is respectfully requested that, in preparing responses, the applicant fully consider the references in entirety as potentially teaching all or part of the claimed invention, as well as the context of the passage as taught by the prior art or disclosed by the examiner.

Art Unit: 3625

## Claim Rejections - 35 U.S.C. § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. §102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 1-4, 6, 8-15 and 17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Tremain, U.S. Pat. App. Pub. No. 2002/0069369 A1 (hereafter referred to as "Tremain").

Referring to claim 1. Tremain discloses an apparatus for providing virtual computing services to subscribers on a subscription basis, said apparatus comprising:

- a server computer operable to provide first computing services to a first subscriber of a plurality of subscribers enrolled in a subscription-based services program for the receipt of computing services and second computing services to a second subscriber of said plurality of subscribers enrolled in said subscription-based services program for the receipt of computing services (page 4, ¶¶0043-0044); and
- wherein said server computer comprises a first non-volatile storage associated
   uniquely with said first subscriber and a second non-volatile storage associated uniquely with
   said second subscriber, said first non-volatile storage being configurable according to said first

Art Unit: 3625

subscriber and usable to provide said first computing services to said first subscriber, and said second non-volatile storage being configurable according to said second subscriber and usable to provide said second computing services to said second subscriber (Fig. 4 and pages 4, 13 and 15, ¶¶0043-0044, 0174 and 0196-0201).

Referring to claim 2. Tremain also discloses the apparatus of Claim 1 wherein said server computer is further operable to configure said first non-volatile storage with a computer software program stored therein in accordance with a configuration option selected by said first subscriber (pages 4 and 10, ¶¶0044, 0051 and 0131).

Referring to claim 3. Tremain also discloses the apparatus of Claim 2 wherein said computer software program comprises an operating system computer software program (page 4, ¶¶0044 and 0051).

Referring to claim 4. Tremain also discloses the apparatus of Claim 2 wherein said computer software program comprises an application computer software program (page 4, ¶¶0044 and 0051).

Referring to claim 6. Tremain also discloses the apparatus of Claim 4 wherein said application computer software program comprises an electronic mail computer software program (page 4, ¶0051).

Referring to claim 8. Tremain also discloses the apparatus of Claim 1 wherein said server computer is further operable to configure said first non-volatile storage with a selected storage capacity in accordance with a configuration option selected by said first subscriber (pages 4 and 10, ¶0044 and 0131).

Referring to claim 9. Tremain also discloses the apparatus of Claim 1 wherein said server computer is further operable to configure said first non-volatile storage in accordance with configuration options paid for by said first subscriber (page 10, ¶0131).

Referring to claim 10. Tremain also discloses the apparatus of Claim 2 wherein said server computer is further operable to establish a communication session with a subscriber device used by said first subscriber and to execute said computer software program stored in said first non-volatile storage during said communication session (Fig. 1 and page 13, ¶0169-0171).

Referring to claim 11. Tremain also discloses the apparatus of Claim 1 wherein said server computer is further operable to establish a communication session with a subscriber device used by said first subscriber and to interact with said subscriber device during said communication session via a user interface selectable by said first subscriber from a plurality of user interfaces (Figs. 1 and 2 and page 13, ¶0169-0171 and 0174).

Referring to claim 12. Tremain also discloses the apparatus of Claim 11 wherein said server computer is further operable to receive data identifying a user interface selected by said first subscriber from said plurality of user interfaces, and to cause the display of said selected user interface on said subscriber device used by said first subscriber (page 13, ¶0174).

Referring to claim 13. Tremain also discloses the apparatus of Claim 1 wherein said server computer is further operable to establish a communication session with a subscriber device used by said first subscriber and to interact with said subscriber device during said communication session via a user interface, and wherein said server computer is further operable to receive data identifying a user interface normally utilized by said subscriber device and to cause the display of said normally utilized user interface on said subscriber device (Figs. 1 and 2 and page 13, ¶0169-0171 and 0174).

Referring to claim 14. Tremain also discloses the apparatus of Clam 1 wherein said server computer is further operable to configure said first non-volatile storage with a computer software program stored therein in accordance with a configuration option paid for by said first subscriber through payment of a subscription fee (pages 4, 10 and 11, ¶¶0044, 0051, 0131 and 0143).

Referring to claim 15. Tremain also discloses the apparatus of Claim 1 wherein said server computer is further operable to configure said first non-volatile storage to have a storage

capacity corresponding to a configuration option paid for by said first subscriber through payment of a subscription fee (pages 4, 10 and 11, ¶¶0044, 0051, 0131 and 0143).

Referring to claim 17. Tremain also discloses the apparatus of Claim 2 wherein said server computer is further operable to update said computer software program of said first non-volatile storage with revisions to said computer software program in accordance with a configuration option selected by said first subscriber (page 10, ¶0141).

Claims 18-20, 29 and 36 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Banka et al., U.S. Pat. No. 7,003,481 B2, hereafter referred to as "Banka et al.").

Referring to claim 18. Banka et al. discloses a method for providing subscription-based virtual computing services to a subscriber, the method comprising the steps of:

• enrolling a subscriber in a subscription-based computing services program for the provision of virtual computing services to the subscriber under the subscription-based computing services program through a virtual non-volatile storage allocated to the subscriber and accessible to the subscriber via a server computer during a communication session between the server computer and a subscriber device used by the subscriber, the virtual computing services corresponding to configuration options selectable by the subscriber (col. 5, lines 47-67 – note the enrollment occurs when the customer enters into a contract);

Art Unit: 3625

• enabling access to and use of the virtual non-volatile storage as desired by the subscriber via a server computer during a communication session between the server computer and the subscriber device (col. 5, lines 47-67 and col. 10, line 64 through col. 11, line 13); and

• charging the subscriber in accordance with selected configuration options received from the subscriber (col. 5, lines 47-67 – note the charging is the payment terms).

Referring to claim 19. Banka et al. further discloses the method of Claim 18 wherein the step of enrolling comprises the steps of receiving selected configuration options from the subscriber via the subscriber device (col. 5, lines 47-67 and col. 9, lines 9-18), and configuring the virtual non-volatile storage in accordance with the selected configuration options received from the subscriber (col. 5, lines 47-67 and col. 10, line 64 through col. 11, line 13).

Referring to claim 20. Banka et al. further discloses the method of Claim 19, wherein one of the selected configuration options is indicative of the subscriber's desire to receive a virtual computing service including access to and use of a virtual non-volatile storage having a designated storage capacity during a subsequent communication session with the subscriber, and wherein the step of configuring comprises a step of allocating the virtual non-volatile storage to the subscriber for access and use by the subscriber during a subsequent communication session with the subscriber (col. 5, lines 47-67 and col. 10, line 64 through col. 11, line 13).

Referring to claim 29. Banka et al. further discloses the method of Claim 18 wherein the step of enrolling comprises the steps of:

Art Unit: 3625

• establishing a communication session with a subscriber device used by the subscriber (Figs. 3A and 3B, col. 6, lines 1-20 and 42-45);

- causing the display of the selectable configuration options at the subscriber device (Figs. 3A and 3B, col. 6, lines 42-45);
- receiving selected configuration options selected by the subscriber from the subscriber device (Figs. 3A and 3B, col. 6, lines 45-53);
- determining a cost to the subscriber associated with the provision of the virtual computing services associated with the selected configuration options (col. 5, lines 54-67);
- receiving data indicative of the subscriber's agreement to pay the cost associated with the provision of the virtual computing services associated with the selected configuration options (Figs. 3A and 3B, col. 6, lines 45-61);
  - storing the selected configuration options (Fig. 9 and col. 12, lines 34-38); and
- terminating the communication session with the subscriber device ((Figs. 3A and 3B, col. 6, lines 42-61);

Referring to claim 36. All of the limitations in apparatus claim 36 are closely parallel to the limitations of method claim 18, analyzed above and are rejected on the same bases.

# Claim Rejections - 35 U.S.C. § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. §103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the

subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 5 and 7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tremain.

Referring to claims 5 and 7. Tremain discloses the apparatus of Claim 4 as discussed above, but does not explicitly disclose wherein said application computer software program comprises a word processing or spreadsheet computer software program. Tremain discloses wherein the computer software program can be applications, as discussed above, but does not expressly show wherein the applications are word processing or spreadsheet programs. However, these differences do not distinguish the claimed apparatus from Tremain. Claims directed to an apparatus must be distinguished from the prior art in terms of structure rather than function, see In re Danly 263 F.2d 844, 847, 120 USPQ 582, 531 (CCPA 1959). A claim containing a "recitation with respect to the manner in which a claimed apparatus is intended to be employed does not differentiate the claimed apparatus from a prior art apparatus" if the prior art apparatus teaches all the structural limitations of the claim. Ex parte Masham, 2 USPQ2d 1657 (Bd. Pat. App. & Inter. 1987). Thus the structural limitations of claims 5 and 7, including a server capable of configuring the storage with an application program, whether it be a word processing, spreadsheet, web hosting or email program are disclosed in Tremain as described herein.

Claim 16 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tremain in view of Hui, U.S. Pat. App. Pub. No. 2003/0220983 (hereafter referred to as "Hui").

Referring to claim 16. Tremain discloses the apparatus of Claim 2 as discussed above, but does not explicitly disclose wherein said server computer is further operable to replace said computer software program of said first non-volatile storage with a newer version of said computer software program in accordance with a configuration option selected by said first subscriber. Tremain discloses wherein the server is operable to update the computer software program in accordance with a configuration option selected by the subscriber (page 10, ¶0141).

Hui, in the same field of endeavor of downloading programs, discloses that it is old and well known in the art to periodically download newer versions of computer software programs (page 1, ¶0005). Therefore, at the time of the invention, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to replace the computer software program during an update with a newer version so that customers can utilize the updated version and all the improvements therein, leading to greater customer satisfaction.

Claims 21 and 22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Banka et al. in view of Tremain.

Referring to claims 21, 22. Banka et al. discloses the method of Claim 19 as discussed above but does not explicitly disclose wherein one of the selected configuration options is indicative of the subscriber's desire to receive a virtual computing service including the use of an operating system or application computer software program that is installable into the virtual non-volatile storage of the subscriber for execution by a server computer during a subsequent communication session with the subscriber, and wherein the step of configuring comprises a step of installing the operating system or applicant computer software program in the virtual non-

Art Unit: 3625

volatile storage of the subscriber for execution by a server computer and use by the subscriber during a subsequent communication session with the subscriber.

Tremain, in the same field of endeavor and as discussed above, discloses a method for providing virtual computing services including wherein one of the selected configuration options is indicative of the subscriber's desire to receive a virtual computing service including the use of an operating system or application computer software program that is installable into the virtual non-volatile storage of the subscriber for execution by a server computer during a subsequent communication session with the subscriber, and wherein the step of configuring comprises a step of installing the operating system or applicant computer software program in the virtual non-volatile storage of the subscriber for execution by a server computer and use by the subscriber during a subsequent communication session with the subscriber (page 4, ¶0044 and 0051).

At the time of the invention, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to have modified the system of Banka et al. to include the teachings of Tremain to allow for one of the selected configuration options to be indicative of the subscriber's desire to receive a virtual computing service including the use of an operating system or application computer software program that is installable into the virtual non-volatile storage of the subscriber for execution by a server computer during a subsequent communication session with the subscriber, and wherein the step of configuring comprises a step of installing the operating system or applicant computer software program in the virtual non-volatile storage of the subscriber for execution by a server computer and use by the subscriber during a subsequent communication session with the subscriber. Doing so would increase the flexibility and options of virtual

Art Unit: 3625

computing in a way to increase customer satisfaction and use of the services, as suggested by Tremain (page 11, ¶0148).

Claims 23-26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Banka et al. in view of Tremain and further in view of Hui.

Referring to claims 23-26. Banka et al. discloses the method of Claim 18, as discussed above, wherein the step of enrolling comprises the steps of receiving selected configuration options from the subscriber via the subscriber device (col. 5, lines 47-67), but does not disclose wherein one of the selected configuration options is indicative of the subscriber's desire to receive a virtual computing service including the automatic updating of an operating system computer software program stored in the virtual non-volatile storage of the subscriber with patches therefor, and wherein the method further comprises a step of automatically updating the operating system computer software program stored in the virtual non-volatile storage of the subscriber with patches therefor.

Tremain, in the same field of endeavor and as discussed above, discloses a method for providing virtual computing services including wherein one of the selected configuration options is indicative of the subscriber's desire to receive a virtual computing service including the automatic updating of an operating system computer software program stored in the virtual non-volatile storage of the subscriber, and wherein the method further comprises a step of automatically updating the operating system computer software program stored in the virtual non-volatile storage of the subscriber (page 10, ¶0141)

Page 16

At the time of the invention, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to have modified the system of Banka et al. to include the teachings of Tremain to allow for one of the selected configuration options to be indicative of the subscriber's desire to receive a virtual computing service including the automatic updating of an operating system computer software program stored in the virtual non-volatile storage of the subscriber with patches therefor, and wherein the method further comprises a step of automatically updating the operating system computer software program stored in the virtual non-volatile storage of the subscriber with patches therefor. Doing so would increase the flexibility and options of virtual computing in a way to increase customer satisfaction and use of the services, as suggested by Tremain (page 11, ¶0148).

Banka et al. in view of Tremain does not disclose wherein the automatic updating is done with either newer versions or patches to the program. Hui, in the same field of endeavor of downloading programs, discloses that it is old and well known in the art to download newer versions and patches of computer software programs (page 1, ¶0005). Therefore, at the time of the invention, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to update the computer software program with a newer version or patches so that customers can utilize the updated version and all the improvements therein, leading to greater customer satisfaction.

Claims 27 and 28 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Banka et al. in view of Tremain and further in view of Forster, U.S. Pat. App. Pub. No. 2004/0220980 A1.

Referring to claims 27 and 28. Banka et al. discloses the method of Claim 18, as discussed above, wherein the step of enrolling comprises the steps of receiving selected configuration options from the subscriber via the subscriber device (col. 5, lines 47-67), but does not disclose wherein one of the selected configuration options is indicative of the subscriber's desire to receive a virtual computing service including the automatic nightly or weekly backup of the virtual non-volatile storage of the subscriber, and wherein the method further comprises a step of automatically backing up the virtual non-volatile storage of the subscriber on a nightly basis.

Tremain, in the same field of endeavor and as discussed above, discloses a method for providing virtual computing services including wherein one of the selected configuration options is indicative of the subscriber's desire to receive a virtual computing service including the automatic nightly backup of the virtual non-volatile storage of the subscriber, and wherein the method further comprises a step of automatically backing up the virtual non-volatile storage of the subscriber (pages 8 and 9, ¶0109-0112).

At the time of the invention, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to have modified the system of Banka et al. to include the teachings of Tremain to allow for one of the selected configuration options to be indicative of the subscriber's desire to receive automatic backup of the virtual non-volatile storage of the subscriber, and wherein the method further comprises a step of automatically backing up the virtual non-volatile storage of the subscriber on a nightly basis. Doing so would increase the flexibility and options of virtual computing in a way to increase customer satisfaction and use of the services, as suggested by Tremain (page 11, ¶0148).

Forster, in the same field of endeavor of downloading programs, discloses periodically backing up storage on a nightly or weekly basis (page 3, ¶0031). Therefore, at the time of the invention, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to back up the files on a nightly or weekly basis to ensure that in the case of a computer malfunction or other problem, all data are recoverable from the backup, saving the customer time and increasing his satisfaction.

Claims 30-35 and 37-40 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Banka et al. in view of Whitney, U.S. Pat. App. Pub. No. 2003/0115442 A1, cited by Applicant (hereafter referred to as "Whitney").

Referring to claim 30. Banka et al. discloses the method of Claim 18 wherein the step of enabling access to and use of the virtual non-volatile storage comprises the steps of: establishing a communication session with a subscriber device used by the subscriber for the communication session (col. 6, lines 1-20 and 42-45); performing a task associated with the received user interface option (col. 6, lines 54-61); and terminating the communication session with the subscriber device (col. 6, lines 42-61). Banka et al. does not disclose determining an appropriate user interface for use by the subscriber device, the user interface having a plurality of user interface options selectable by the subscriber using the subscriber device and corresponding to respective performable tasks; causing the display of the appropriate user interface at the subscriber device; and receiving a user interface option selected from the user interface by the subscriber.

Whitney, in the same field of endeavor of virtual computing, discloses a method of managing a logical partition on logically-partitioned multi-user computer, including determining

an appropriate user interface for use by the subscriber device, the user interface having a plurality of user interface options selectable by the subscriber using the subscriber device and corresponding to respective performable tasks; causing the display of the appropriate user interface at the subscriber device; and receiving a user interface option selected from the user interface by the subscriber (page 5, ¶0051).

At the time of the invention, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to have modified the system of Banka et al. to include the teachings of Whitney to allow for determining an appropriate user interface for use by the subscriber device, the user interface having a plurality of user interface options selectable by the subscriber using the subscriber device and corresponding to respective performable tasks; causing the display of the appropriate user interface at the subscriber device; receiving a user interface option selected from the user interface by the subscriber. Doing so would facilitate communication between the user and server, increasing customer satisfaction.

Referring to claim 31. Banka et al. in view of Whitney discloses the method of Claim 30, as discussed above, wherein the step of determining comprises the steps of: collecting information from the subscriber device indicative of the subscriber device type while establishing the communication session with the subscriber device; and ascertaining the user interface most often used with the subscriber device type (Banka et al., col. 10, lines 30-60).

Referring to claim 32. Banka et al. in view of Whitney discloses the method of Claim 30, as discussed above, wherein the step of determining comprises a step of receiving a selection of a

user interface from the subscriber via the subscriber device during the communication session indicative of the user interface that the subscriber desires to use at the subscriber device (Banka et al., col. 10, lines 30-60).

Referring to claims 33-35. Banka et al. in view of Whitney discloses the method of Claim 30, as discussed above, wherein the step of performing comprises the steps of: determining whether the task associated with the received user interface option corresponds to a data file upload, download or execute task; and upon determining that the task associated with the received user interface option corresponds to a data file upload, download or execute task, causing the uploading of a data file from the subscriber device to the virtual non-volatile storage of the subscriber (Whitney, pages 5-6, ¶0056) in order to facilitate the virtual computing.

Referring to claims 37-40. All of the limitations in apparatus claims 37-40 are closely parallel to the limitations of method claims 30-32 and 35, analyzed above and are rejected on the same bases.

#### Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

(1) Salem et al., U.S. Pat. App. Pub. No. 2003/0084104 A1, discloses a method and system for enabling mobile users to access documents or resources from a remote hosting environment (see entire document).

Art Unit: 3625

(2) Loeblich et al., DE 10104984 A1, discloses a system for virtual computing (see Abstract).

(3) Author unknown, "Ready For Virtual Computing?" Info-Tech Advisor Newsletter, London, UK, Dec. 9, 2002, pg. 1, discloses a variety of companies of virtual computing services.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Amee A. Shah whose telephone number is 571-272-8116. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon.-Fri. 7:00 am - 3:30 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jeffrey A. Smith can be reached on 571-272-6763. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

AAS

May 12, 2006

J. C. Gars Poirman &